臺灣綜合大學系統 108 學年度學士班轉學生聯合招生考試試題

	AN AL A	類組代碼	共同考科
科目名稱	微積分A	科目碼	E0011
※本項考証	战依簡章規定各考科均「不可以」使用計算機	本科試題共計 2 頁	

Answer without complete work shown receives no credit. 所有計算過程都必須詳細列出,否則不予計分。

1. (10 points) Find the following limits.

(a)

$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{x^2 + x - 12}{x - 3}.$$

 $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x^2}{\sec x - 1}.$

2. (10 points) Evaluate $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}|_{(0,0)}$ and $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}|_{(0,0)}$ for

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{3x^4 + xy^2}{2x^3 + 4xy + y}; & (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0; & (x,y) = (0,0). \end{cases}$$

3. (10 points) Given

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 1; & t \le 0 \\ 1 - t; & t > 0 \end{cases}$$

and

$$F(x) = \int_{-1}^{2ax+2} f(t) \ dt$$

with a > 0, find a so that F is maximum at x = -2a.

4. (10 points) Find the largest possible area of a triangle with vertices (0,2), (1,0) and the third vertex on the ellipse

$$x^2 + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1.$$

5. (10 points) Evaluate

$$\int_{\ln \frac{1}{4}}^{\ln \frac{1}{2}} \frac{e^x}{\sqrt{1 - 4e^{2x}}} \, dx.$$

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6. (10 points) Evaluate

$$\int_0^{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} \int_y^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} e^{x^2+y^2} \ dx dy.$$

7. (10 points) Derive the complete Taylor series expansion for

$$\ln\left(\frac{1+2x}{1-2x}\right)$$

about x=0. (In the form $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a_k x^{2k-1}$ with a general formula for a_k .)

- 8. (10 points) Given function $T(x,y) = 1 + x^2 y^2$, find the curve $\gamma(t) = (x(t), y(t))$ so that $\gamma(0) = (1,4)$ and $\gamma'(t) = -\nabla T(\gamma(t))$.
- 9. (10 points) Find (a,b) with $-\frac{1}{2} \le b \le \frac{1}{2}$ so that
 - The point P = (1, a, b) is on the surface E defined by

$$\frac{x}{2} - \frac{y}{4} + \frac{\sin(2z)}{4} = 0$$

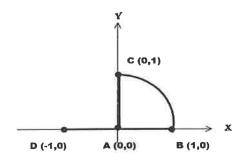
• The tangent plane to E at P contains lines

$$l_1(t) = P + t\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1, 0\right)$$
 and $l_2(t) = P + t(0, 2, 1)$

10. (10 points) Evaluate $\int_L \overrightarrow{\mathbf{F}} \cdot d\overrightarrow{\mathbf{r}}$, where

$$\overrightarrow{\mathbf{F}} = (4x + 5y, e^{\cos y} + 7x)$$

and L is the path from A to B, to C to A and to D as shown below:



Note: The path from B to C is circular.